

coefficient of thermal expansion using the equation of state for an ideal gas

none

March 12, 2024

Abstract

Generated by the [Physics Derivation Graph](https://notendur.hi.is/hj/EE2/HD1lausn.pdf). <https://notendur.hi.is/hj/EE2/HD1lausn.pdf>

Eq. 1 is an initial equation.

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{V} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_p \quad (1)$$

Eq. 2 is an initial equation.

$$V = \frac{nRT}{P} \quad (2)$$

Substitute LHS of Eq. 2 into Eq. 1; yields Eq. 3.

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{V} \frac{nR}{P} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial T} \right)_p \quad (3)$$

Simplify Eq. 3; yields Eq. 4.

$$\alpha = \frac{nR}{VP} \quad (4)$$

Eq. 5 is an initial equation.

$$PV = nRT \quad (5)$$

Divide both sides of Eq. 5 by T ; yields Eq. 6.

$$\frac{PV}{T} = nR \quad (6)$$

Substitute RHS of Eq. 6 into Eq. 4; yields Eq. 7.

$$\alpha = \frac{PV}{T} \frac{1}{VP} \quad (7)$$

Simplify Eq. 7; yields Eq. 8.

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{T} \quad (8)$$

Eq. 8 is one of the final equations.

References